





OPERATOR'S MANUAL
MANUEL de L'UTILISATEUR
MANUAL del OPERADOR



Cat. No. / No de cat.

0100-20, 0101-20, 0200-20, 0201-20,
0202-20, 0299-20, 0300-20, 0302-20

DRILLS
PERCEUSES
TALADRO

 **WARNING** To reduce the risk of injury, user must read and understand operator's manual.
 **AVERTISSEMENT** Afin de réduire le risque de blessures, l'utilisateur doit lire et bien comprendre le manuel.
ADVERTENCIA Para reducir el riesgo de lesiones, el usuario debe leer y entender el manual.

GENERAL POWER TOOL SAFETY WARNINGS

⚠WARNING Read all safety warnings, instructions, illustrations and specifications provided with this power tool. Failure to follow all instructions listed below may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury. **Save all warnings and instructions for future reference.** The term "power tool" in the warnings refers to your mains-operated (corded) power tool or battery-operated (cordless) power tool.

WORK AREA SAFETY

- **Keep work area clean and well lit.** Cluttered or dark areas invite accidents.
- **Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases or dust.** Power tools create sparks which may ignite the dust or fumes.
- **Keep children and bystanders away while operating a power tool.** Distractions can cause you to lose control.

ELECTRICAL SAFETY

- **Power tool plugs must match the outlet. Never modify the plug in any way. Do not use any adapter plugs with earthed (grounded) power tools.** Unmodified plugs and matching outlets will reduce risk of electric shock.
- **Avoid body contact with earthed or grounded surfaces, such as pipes, radiators, ranges and refrigerators.** There is an increased risk of electric shock if your body is earthed or grounded.
- **Do not expose power tools to rain or wet conditions.** Water entering a power tool will increase the risk of electric shock.
- **Do not abuse the cord. Never use the cord for carrying, pulling or unplugging the power tool. Keep cord away from heat, oil, sharp edges or moving parts.** Damaged or entangled cords increase the risk of electric shock.
- **When operating a power tool outdoors, use an extension cord suitable for outdoor use.** Use of a cord suitable for outdoor use reduces the risk of electric shock.
- **If operating a power tool in a damp location is unavoidable, use a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) protected supply.** Use of an GFCI reduces the risk of electric shock.

PERSONAL SAFETY

- **Stay alert, watch what you are doing and use common sense when operating a power tool. Do not use a power tool while you are tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication.** A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.
- **Use personal protective equipment. Always wear eye protection.** Protective equipment such as a dust mask, non-skid safety shoes, hard hat or hearing protection used for appropriate conditions will reduce personal injuries.
- **Prevent unintentional starting. Ensure the switch is in the off-position before connecting to power source and/or battery pack, picking up or carrying the tool.** Carrying power tools with your finger on the switch or energizing power tools that have the switch on invites accidents.

- **Remove any adjusting key or wrench before turning the power tool on.** A wrench or a key left attached to a rotating part of the power tool may result in personal injury.
- **Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times.** This enables better control of the power tool in unexpected situations.
- **Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry. Keep your hair and clothing away from moving parts.** Loose clothes, jewelry or long hair can be caught in moving parts.
- **If devices are provided for the connection of dust extraction and collection facilities, ensure these are connected and properly used.** Use of dust collection can reduce dust-related hazards.
- **Do not let familiarity gained from frequent use of tools allow you to become complacent and ignore tool safety principles.** A careless action can cause severe injury within a fraction of a second.

POWER TOOL USE AND CARE

- **Do not force the power tool. Use the correct power tool for your application.** The correct power tool will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it was designed.
- **Do not use the power tool if the switch does not turn it on and off.** Any power tool that cannot be controlled with the switch is dangerous and must be repaired.
- **Disconnect the plug from the power source and/ or remove the battery pack, if detachable, from the power tool before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing power tools.** Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the power tool accidentally.
- **Store idle power tools out of the reach of children and do not allow persons unfamiliar with the power tool or these instructions to operate the power tool.** Power tools are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.
- **Maintain power tools and accessories. Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts and any other condition that may affect the power tool's operation. If damaged, have the power tool repaired before use.** Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained power tools.
- **Keep cutting tools sharp and clean.** Properly maintained cutting tools with sharp cutting edges are less likely to bind and are easier to control.
- **Use the power tool, accessories and tool bits etc. in accordance with these instructions, taking into account the working conditions and the work to be performed.** Use of the power tool for operations different from those intended could result in a hazardous situation.
- **Keep handles and grasping surfaces dry, clean and free from oil and grease.** Slippery handles and grasping surfaces do not allow for safe handling and control of the tool in unexpected situations.

SERVICE

- **Have your power tool serviced by a qualified repair person using only identical replacement parts.** This will ensure that the safety of the power tool is maintained.

SPECIFIC SAFETY RULES FOR DRILLS

- **Use auxiliary handle(s), if supplied with the tool.** Loss of control can cause personal injury.

GROUNDING

• **Hold power tool by insulated gripping surfaces, when performing an operation where the cutting accessory may contact hidden wiring or its own cord.** Cutting accessory contacting a "live" wire may make exposed metal parts of the power tool "live" and could give the operator an electric shock.

• **Maintain labels and nameplates.** These carry important information. If unreadable or missing, contact a MILWAUKEE service facility for a free replacement.

• **WARNING** Some dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling, and other construction activities contains chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are:

- lead from lead-based paint
- crystalline silica from bricks and cement and other masonry products, and
- arsenic and chromium from chemically-treated lumber.

Your risk from these exposures varies, depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals: work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as those dust masks that are specially designed to filter out microscopic particles.

EXTENSION CORDS

Grounded tools require a three wire extension cord. Double insulated tools can use either a two or three wire extension cord. As the distance from the supply outlet increases, you must use a heavier gauge extension cord. Using extension cords with inadequately sized wire causes a serious drop in voltage, resulting in loss of power and possible tool damage. Refer to the table shown to determine the required minimum wire size.

The smaller the gauge number of the wire, the greater the capacity of the cord. For example, a 14 gauge cord can carry a higher current than a 16 gauge cord. When using more than one extension cord to make up the total length, be sure each cord contains at least the minimum wire size required. If you are using one extension cord for more than one tool, add the nameplate amperes and use the sum to determine the required minimum wire size.

Guidelines for Using Extension Cords

- If you are using an extension cord outdoors, be sure it is marked with the suffix "W-A" ("W" in Canada) to indicate that it is acceptable for outdoor use.
- Be sure your extension cord is properly wired and in good electrical condition. Always replace a damaged extension cord or have it repaired by a qualified person before using it.
- Protect your extension cords from sharp objects, excessive heat and damp or wet areas.

Recommended Minimum Wire Gauge For Extension Cords*					
Nameplate Amps	Extension Cord Length				
	25'	50'	75'	100'	150'
0 - 2.0	18	18	18	18	16
2.1 - 3.4	18	18	18	16	14
3.5 - 5.0	18	18	16	14	12
5.1 - 7.0	18	16	14	12	12
7.1 - 12.0	16	14	12	10	--
12.1 - 16.0	14	12	10	--	--
16.1 - 20.0	12	10	--	--	--

* Based on limiting the line voltage drop to five volts at 150% of the rated amperes.

WARNING Improperly connecting the grounding wire can result in the risk of electric shock. Check with a qualified electrician if you are in doubt as to whether the outlet is properly grounded. Do not modify the plug provided with the tool. Never remove the grounding prong from the plug. Do not use the tool if the cord or plug is damaged. If damaged, have it repaired by a MILWAUKEE service facility before use. If the plug will not fit the outlet, have a proper outlet installed by a qualified electrician.

Grounded Tools (Three-Prong Plugs)

Tools marked "Grounding Required" have a three wire cord and three prong grounding plug. The plug must be connected to a properly grounded outlet (See Figure A). If the tool should electrically malfunction or break down, grounding provides a low resistance path to carry electricity away from the user, reducing the risk of electric shock.

The grounding prong in the plug is connected through the green wire inside the cord to the grounding system in the tool. The green wire in the cord must be the only wire connected to the tool's grounding system and must never be attached to an electrically "live" terminal.

Your tool must be plugged into an appropriate outlet, properly installed and grounded in accordance with all codes and ordinances. The plug and outlet should look like those in Figure A.

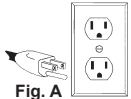


Fig. A

Double Insulated Tools (Two-Prong Plugs)

Tools marked "Double Insulated" do not require grounding. They have a special double insulation system which satisfies OSHA requirements and complies with the applicable standards of Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., the Canadian Standard Association and the National Electrical Code. Double Insulated tools may be used in either of the 120 volt outlets shown in Figures B and C.

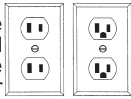


Fig. B

Fig. C

SYMBOLY



Double Insulated



Volts



Alternating Current



Amps

n₀ XXXX min⁻¹ No Load Revolutions per Minute (RPM)



UL Listing for Canada and U.S.

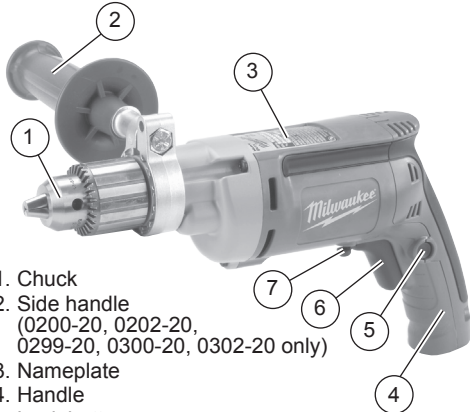


Approval Mark for Mexico

SPECIFICATIONS

Cat. No.	0100-20
Volts.....	120 AC
Amps.....	.7
No Load RPM.....	0 - 2500
Cat. No.	0101-20
Volts.....	120 AC
Amps.....	.7
No Load RPM.....	0 - 4300
Cat. No.	0200-20
Volts.....	120 AC
Amps.....	.7
No Load RPM.....	0 - 1200
Cat. No.	0201-20
Volts.....	120 AC
Amps.....	.7
No Load RPM.....	0 - 2500
Cat. No.	0202-20
Volts.....	120 AC
Amps.....	.7
No Load RPM.....	0 - 1200
Cat. No.	0299-20
Volts.....	120 AC
Amps.....	.8
No Load RPM.....	0 - 850
Cat. No.	0300-20
Volts.....	120 AC
Amps.....	.8
No Load RPM.....	0 - 850
Cat. No.	0302-20
Volts.....	120 AC
Amps.....	.8
No Load RPM.....	0 - 850

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

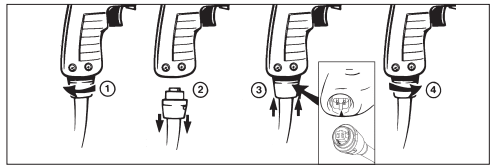


1. Chuck
2. Side handle
(0200-20, 0202-20,
0299-20, 0300-20, 0302-20 only)
3. Nameplate
4. Handle
5. Lock button
6. Trigger
7. Forward/Reverse switch

ASSEMBLY

WARNING To reduce the risk of injury, always unplug tool before changing or removing accessories. Only use accessories specifically recommended for this tool. Others may be hazardous.

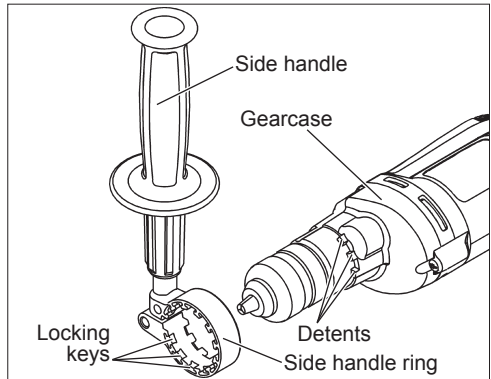
Removing and Replacing Quik-Lok® Cords
(Cat. No. 0100-20, 0101-20, 0202-20, 0302-20)
MILWAUKEE's exclusive Quik-Lok® Cords provide instant field replacement or substitution.



1. To remove the Quik-Lok® Cord, turn the cord nut 1/4 turn to the left and pull it out.
2. To replace the Quik-Lok® Cord, align the connector keyways and push the connector in as far as it will go. Turn the cord nut 1/4 turn to the right to lock.




WARNING To reduce the risk of injury, always use a side handle when using this tool. Always brace and hold securely.

Adjusting the Side Handle
(Cat. No. 0200-20, 0202-20, 0299-20,
0300-20, 0302-20)



1. Turn the side handle counterclockwise to loosen.
2. Slide the side handle assembly forward over the chuck and rotate to the desired angle.
3. Slide the side handle back to the gearcase and position the locking keys into the detents. The locking keys help prevent the handle from slipping. **NOTE:** The side handle ring must clear the chuck.
4. Turn the side handle clockwise to tighten. **NOTE:** Always use the side handle for best control.

Chuck Identification

	Chuck Type	Drill Cat. No.
	Keyed	0100-20 0101-20 0200-20
	Double sleeve Keyless	0201-20
	Single sleeve Keyless	0202-20 0302-20

Installing and Removing Bits

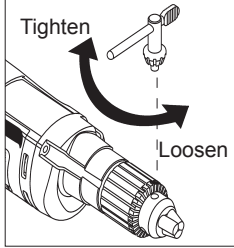
WARNING To reduce the risk of injury, always remove the chuck key from the chuck after each use.



Keyed Chuck

These tools are equipped with a chuck tightened using a key. Always unplug the tool before installing or removing bits.

1. To open the chuck jaws, place the chuck key in one (1) of the three (3) holes located on the chuck. Turn the key counterclockwise.



Be sure the bit shank and chuck jaws are clean. Dirt particles may prevent the bit from lining up properly.

2. When using drill bits, insert the bit into the chuck. Center the bit in the chuck jaws and lift it about 1/16" off of the bottom. Tighten the chuck jaws by hand to align the bit.

When using screwdriver bits, insert the bit far enough for the chuck jaws to grip the bit shank. Tighten the chuck jaws by hand to align the bit.

3. To close the chuck jaws, place the chuck key in each of the three holes in the chuck. Turn the chuck key clockwise. Tighten securely.

4. To remove the bit, insert the chuck key into one of the holes in the chuck. Turn the chuck key counterclockwise. Be sure the bit shank and chuck jaws are clean. Dirt particles may prevent the bit from lining up properly.

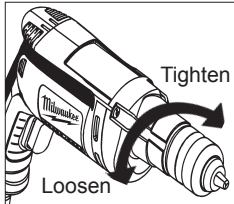
⚠WARNING To reduce the risk of injury, do not grasp the bit while the chuck is rotating or while the bit is falling from the chuck.



Double Sleeve Keyless Chuck

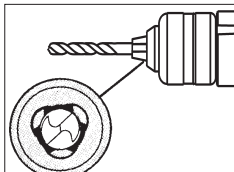
These tools are equipped with a hand tightening keyless chuck. Always unplug the tool before installing or removing bits.

1. To open the chuck jaws, hold the collar and turn the sleeve counterclockwise.



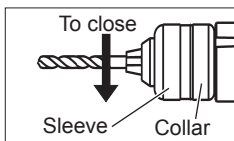
Be sure the bit shank and chuck jaws are clean. Dirt particles may prevent the bit from lining up properly.

2. When using drill bits, insert the bit into the chuck. Center the bit in the chuck jaws and lift it about 1/16" off of the bottom. Tighten the chuck jaws by hand to align the bit.



When using screwdriver bits, insert the bit far enough for the chuck jaws to grip the bit shank. Tighten the chuck jaws by hand to align the bit.

3. To close the chuck jaws, hold the collar and turn the sleeve clockwise. Tighten securely.



4. To remove the bit, hold the chuck collar and turn the sleeve counterclockwise to release the bit from the chuck jaws.

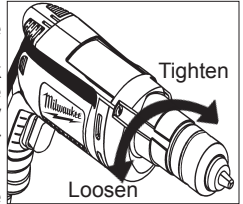


Single Sleeve Keyless Chuck

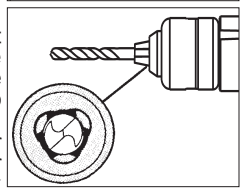
These tools are equipped with a spindle-lock mechanism and a single-sleeve keyless chuck. Always unplug the tool before inserting or removing bits.

1. To open the chuck jaws, turn the chuck sleeve counterclockwise.

Be sure the bit shank and chuck jaws are clean. Dirt particles may prevent the bit from lining up properly.

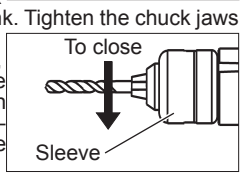


2. When using drill bits, insert the bit into the chuck. Center the bit in the chuck jaws and lift it about 1/16" off of the bottom. Tighten the chuck jaws by hand to align the bit.



When using screwdriver bits, insert the bit far enough for the chuck jaws to grip the bit shank. Tighten the chuck jaws by hand to align the bit.

3. To close the chuck jaws, turn the chuck sleeve clockwise. Tighten securely. Several detents will be felt as the chuck sleeve is turned.



NOTE: If the spindle rotates when opening or closing the chuck jaws, grasp the chuck and slightly rotate back and forth to engage the spindle-lock mechanism.

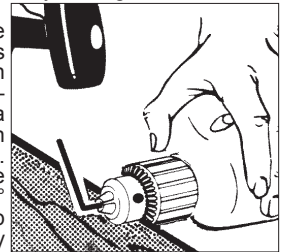
The spindle will remain locked until the tool is turned on. The spindle-lock mechanism will automatically disengage when the tool is turned on.

4. To remove the bit, turn the chuck sleeve counterclockwise to release the bit from the chuck jaws.

⚠WARNING To reduce the risk of injury, always wear eye protection.

Chuck Removal

This tool is equipped with a threaded spindle to hold the chuck. Before removing the chuck, unplug the tool and open the chuck jaws. A left-handed thread screw is located inside the chuck to prevent the chuck from loosening when the tool is operated in reverse direction. Remove the screw by turning it clockwise. To remove the chuck, hold the tool so that only the side of the chuck rests firmly and squarely on a solid workbench. Insert the chuck key or a chuck remover bar in one of the keyholes. Turn the chuck so the key is at about a 30° angle to the bench top and strike the key sharply with a hammer so the chuck turns in a counterclockwise direction (looking from the front of the tool). This should loosen the chuck from the spindle which has a right hand thread making it easy to remove the chuck by hand.



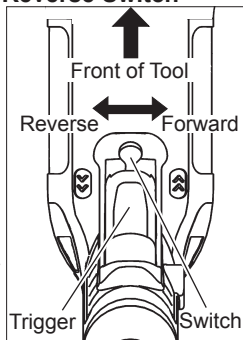
NOTE: When replacing the chuck, always replace the left hand thread screw in the chuck.

OPERATION

WARNING To reduce the risk of injury, always wear safety goggles or glasses with side shields.

Using Forward/Reverse Switch

1. For **forward** (clockwise) rotation, push the forward/reverse switch to the left position as shown.
2. For **reverse** (counterclockwise) rotation, push the forward/reverse switch to the right position as shown. Although an interlock prevents reversing the tool while the motor is running, allow it to come to a full stop before reversing.



WARNING To reduce the risk of injury, keep hands and cord away from the bit and all moving parts.

Starting, Stopping and Controlling Speed

1. To **start** the tool, pull the trigger.
2. To **stop** the tool, release the trigger.
3. To **vary** the drilling speed, simply increase or decrease pressure on the trigger. The further the trigger is pulled, the greater the speed.

Locking Trigger

The lock button holds the trigger in the ON position for continuous full speed use.

1. To **lock** the trigger, hold the lock button in while pulling the trigger. Release the trigger.
2. To **unlock** the trigger, pull the trigger and release. The lock button will pop out.

APPLICATIONS

Cat. No.	No Load RPM	Wood					Wood/Steel	Steel
		Flat Boring Bits	Auger Bits	Hole Saws	Self-feed Bits	Pathfinder™ Bits	Twist Bits	Hole Saws
0100-20	0 - 2500	1-1/2"	NR	NR	NR	NR	1/4"	NR
0101-20	0 - 4300	1-1/4"	NR	NR	NR	NR	1/4"	NR
0200-20	0 - 1200	1-1/2"	1"	3-1/4"	NR	1-1/4"	1/2"	1-5/8"
0201-20	0 - 2500	1-1/2"	7/8"	2-1/4"	NR	1-1/4"	1/2"	NR
0202-20	0 - 1200	1-1/2"	1"	3-1/4"	NR	1-1/4"	1/2"	1-5/8"
0299-20	0 - 850	1-1/2"	1-1/2"	3-5/8"	2-9/16"	1-1/4"	3/4"	2"
0300-20	0 - 850	1-1/2"	1-1/2"	3-5/8"	2-9/16"	1-1/4"	3/4"	2"
0302-20	0 - 850	1-1/2"	1-1/2"	3-5/8"	2-9/16"	1-1/4"	3/4"	2"

NR = Not recommended

WARNING To reduce the risk of explosion, electric shock and property damage, always check the work area for hidden pipes and wires before drilling.

Selecting Bits

When selecting a bit, use the right type for your job. For best performance, always use sharp bits.

Drilling

1. Before drilling, be sure the workpiece is clamped securely. Use backing material to prevent damage to the workpiece during breakthrough.
2. When starting a hole, place the drill bit on the work surface and apply firm pressure. Begin drilling at a slow speed, gradually increasing the speed as you drill.
3. Always apply pressure in line with the bit. Use enough pressure to keep the drill biting, but do not push hard enough to stall the motor.
4. Reduce pressure and ease the bit through the last part of the hole. While the tool is still running, pull the bit out of the hole to prevent jamming.

Drilling in Wood, Composition Materials and Plastic

When drilling in wood, composition materials and plastic, start the drill slowly, gradually increasing speed as you drill. When using twist drill bits, pull the bit out of the hole frequently to clear chips from the bit flutes. Use low speeds for plastics with a low melting point.

Drilling in Masonry

When drilling in masonry, use high speed carbide-tipped bits. Drilling soft masonry materials such as cinder block requires little pressure. Hard materials like concrete require more pressure. A smooth, even flow of dust indicates the proper drilling rate. Do not let the bit spin in the hole without cutting. Do not use water to settle dust or to cool bit. Both actions will damage the carbide.

Drilling in Metal

When drilling in metal, use high speed steel twist drills or hole saws. Use slow speeds for hard metals and high speeds for softer metals. Lubricate drill bits with cutting oil when drilling in iron or steel. Use a coolant when drilling in nonferrous metals such as copper, brass or aluminum. Back the material to prevent binding and distortion on breakthrough.

Driving Screws

When driving screws, use the proper screwdriver bit for your job. After drilling pilot and shank holes, start the screw slowly and increase the speed as driving progresses. Set the screw by slowing to a stop. Do not run screws down at excessive speeds. To remove screws, reverse the motor.

Stalling

If the tool seems as if it is about to stall, maintain a firm grip and reduce pressure slightly to allow the bit to regain speed. If the tool does stall, release the trigger immediately. Reverse the motor, remove the bit from the work and start again. Do not pull the trigger on and off in an attempt to start a stalled drill. This can damage the drill.

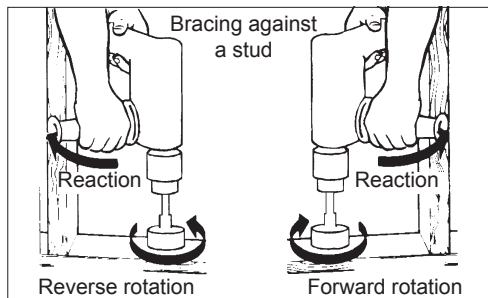
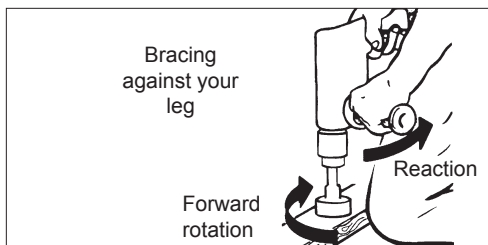
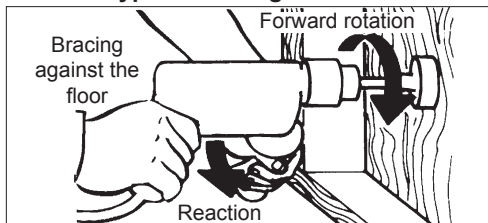
⚠WARNING High rotational force. To reduce the risk of injury, always hold or brace securely. Always use side handle on tools rated 1200 rpm or less.

Bit Binding

A high rotational force occurs when a bit binds. If the bit binds, the tool will be forced in the opposite direction of the bit rotation. Bits may bind if they are misaligned or when they are breaking through a hole. Wood boring bits can also bind if they run into nails or knots. Be prepared for bit binding situations. To reduce the chance of bit binding:

- Use sharp bits. Sharp bits are less likely to bind when drilling.
- Use the proper bit for the job. There are bits that are designed for specific purposes.
- Use caution when drilling pitchy, knotty, wet or warped material or when drilling in material that may contain nails.

Typical Bracing Methods



MAINTENANCE

⚠WARNING To reduce the risk of injury, always unplug the tool before performing any maintenance. Never disassemble the tool. Contact a MILWAUKEE service facility for ALL repairs.

Maintaining Tools

Keep your tool in good repair by adopting a regular maintenance program. Inspect your tool for issues such as undue noise, misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts, or any other condition that may affect the tool operation. Return the tool to a MILWAUKEE service facility for repair. After six months to one year, depending on use, return the tool to a MILWAUKEE service facility for inspection.

⚠WARNING To reduce the risk of personal injury, electric shock and damage, never immerse your tool in liquid or allow a liquid to flow inside it.

Cleaning

Clean dust and debris from vents. Keep handles clean, dry and free of oil or grease. Use only mild soap and a damp cloth to clean, since certain cleaning agents and solvents are harmful to plastics and other insulated parts. Some of these include gasoline, turpentine, lacquer thinner, paint thinner, chlorinated cleaning solvents, ammonia and household detergents containing ammonia. Never use flammable or combustible solvents around tools.

Repairs

For repairs, return the tool to the nearest service center.

ACCESSORIES

⚠WARNING Use only recommended accessories. Others may be hazardous.

For a complete listing of accessories, go online to www.milwaukeetool.com or contact a distributor.

SERVICE - UNITED STATES

1-800-SAWDUST (1.800.729.3878)

Monday-Friday, 7:00 AM - 6:30 PM CST

or visit www.milwaukeetool.com

Contact Corporate After Sales Service Technical Support with technical, service/repair, or warranty questions.

Email: metproductsupport@milwaukeetool.com

Register your tool at www.milwaukeetool.com...

- to receive important notifications regarding your purchase
- to ensure that your tool is protected under the warranty
- to become a Heavy Duty club member

SERVICE - CANADA

Milwaukee Tool (Canada) Ltd

1.800.268.4015

Monday-Friday, 7:00 AM - 4:30 PM CST

or visit www.milwaukeetool.ca

LIMITED WARRANTY USA & CANADA

Every MILWAUKEE power tool (including cordless product – tool, battery pack(s) - see separate & distinct CORDLESS BATTERY PACK LIMITED WARRANTY statements & battery charger and Work Lights) is warranted to the original purchaser only to be free from defects in material and workmanship. Subject to certain exceptions, MILWAUKEE will repair or replace any part on an electric power tool which, after examination, is determined by MILWAUKEE to be defective in material or workmanship for a period of five (5) years* after the date of purchase unless otherwise noted. Return of the power tool to a MILWAUKEE factory Service Center location or MILWAUKEE Authorized Service Station, freight prepaid and insured, is required. A copy of the proof of purchase should be included with the return product. This warranty does not apply to damage that MILWAUKEE determines to be from repairs made or attempted by anyone other than MILWAUKEE authorized personnel, misuse, alterations, abuse, normal wear and tear, lack of maintenance, or accidents.

*The warranty period for, Job Site Radios, M12™ Power Port, M18™ Power Source, Jobsite Fan and Trade Titan™ Industrial Work Carts is one (1) year from the date of purchase. The warranty period for a LED Work Light and LED Upgrade Bulb is a limited LIFETIME warranty to the original purchaser only, if during normal use the LED bulb fails the Work Light or Upgrade Bulb will be replaced free of charge. *This warranty does not cover Air Nailers & Stapler, Airless Paint Sprayer, Cordless Battery Packs, Gasoline Driven Portable Power Generators, Hand Tools, Hoist – Electric, Lever & Hand Chain, M12™ Heated Jackets, Reconditioned product and Test & Measurement products. There are separate and distinct warranties available for these products.

Warranty Registration is not necessary to obtain the applicable warranty on a MILWAUKEE power tool product. The manufacturing date of the product will be used to determine the warranty period if no proof of purchase is provided at the time warranty service is requested. ACCEPTANCE OF THE EXCLUSIVE REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT REMEDIES DESCRIBED HEREIN IS A CONDITION OF THE CONTRACT FOR THE PURCHASE OF EVERY MILWAUKEE PRODUCT. IF YOU DO NOT AGREE TO THIS CONDITION, YOU SHOULD NOT PURCHASE THE PRODUCT. IN NO EVENT SHALL MILWAUKEE BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR PUNITIVE DAMAGES, OR FOR ANY COSTS, ATTORNEY FEES, EXPENSES, LOSSES OR DELAYS ALLEGED TO BE AS A CONSEQUENCE OF ANY DAMAGE TO, FAILURE OF, OR DEFECT IN ANY PRODUCT INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY CLAIMS FOR LOSS OF PROFITS. SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, SO THE ABOVE LIMITATION OR EXCLUSION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU. THIS WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE AND IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTIES, WRITTEN OR ORAL, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, MILWAUKEE DISCLAIMS ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE OR PURPOSE. TO THE EXTENT SUCH DISCLAIMER IS NOT PERMITTED BY LAW, SUCH IMPLIED WARRANTIES ARE LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THE APPLICABLE EXPRESS WARRANTY AS DESCRIBED ABOVE. SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW LIMITATIONS ON HOW LONG AN IMPLIED WARRANTY LASTS. SO THE ABOVE LIMITATION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU. THIS WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS, AND YOU MAY ALSO HAVE OTHER RIGHTS WHICH VARY FROM STATE TO STATE.

This warranty applies to product sold in the U.S.A. and Canada only. Please consult the 'Service Center Search' in the Parts & Service section of MILWAUKEE's website www.milwaukeetool.com or call 1.800.SAWDUST (1.800.729.3878) to locate your nearest service facility for warranty and non-warranty service on a Milwaukee electric power tool.

LIMITED WARRANTY - MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA & CARIBBEAN

TECHTRONIC INDUSTRIES' warranty is for 5 year since the original purchase date.

This warranty card covers any defect in material and workmanship on this Power Tool.

To make this warranty valid, present this warranty card, sealed/stamped by the distributor or store where you purchased the product, to the Authorized Service Center (ASC). Or, if this card has not been sealed/stamped, present the original proof of purchase to the ASC. Call toll-free 1 800 832 1949 to find the nearest ASC, for service, parts, accessories or components.

Procedure to make this warranty valid

Take the product to the ASC, along with the warranty card sealed/stamped by the distributor or store where you purchased the product, and there any faulty piece or component will be replaced without cost for you. We will cover all freight costs relative with this warranty process.

Exceptions

This warranty is not valid in the following situations:

- a) When the product is used in a different manners from the end-user guide or instruction manual.
- b) When the conditions of use are not normal.
- c) When the product was modified or repaired by people not authorized by TECHTRONIC INDUSTRIES.

Note: If cord set is damaged, it should be replaced by an Authorized Service Center to avoid electric risks.

SERVICE AND ATTENTION CENTER:

Av Presidente Mazarik 29 Piso 7, 11570 Chapultepec Morales Miguel Hidalgo, Distrito Federal, Mexico
Ph. 52 55 4160-3547

IMPORTED AND COMMERCIALIZED BY:

TECHTRONIC INDUSTRIES MEXICO, S.A. DE C.V.
Av Presidente Mazarik 29 Piso 7, 11570 Chapultepec Morales Miguel Hidalgo, Distrito Federal, Mexico

Model: _____

Date of Purchase: _____

Distributor or Store Stamp: _____

RÈGLES DE SÉCURITÉ GÉNÉRALES RELATIVES AUX OUTILS ÉLECTRIQUES

⚠ AVERTISSEMENT Lire toutes les consignes de sécurité, consignes, illustrations et spécifications fournies avec cet outil électrique. Ne pas suivre l'ensemble des règles et instructions peut entraîner une électrocution, un incendie ou des blessures graves. **Conservé les règles et les instructions à des fins de référence ultérieure.** Le terme «outil électrique» figurant dans les avertissements ci-dessous renvoie à l'outil électrique à alimentation par le réseau (à cordon) ou par batterie (sans fil).

SÉCURITÉ DU LIEU DE TRAVAIL

- **Veillez à ce que l'aire de travail soit propre et bien éclairée.** Le désordre et le manque de lumière favorisent les accidents.
- **Ne pas utiliser d'outils électriques dans des atmosphères explosives, par exemple en présence de liquides, gaz ou poussières inflammables.** Les outils électriques produisent des étincelles risquant d'enflammer les poussières ou vapeurs.
- **S'assurer que les enfants et les curieux se trouvent à une bonne distance au moment d'utiliser un outil électrique.** Les distractions peuvent causer une perte de contrôle.

SÉCURITÉ ÉLECTRIQUE

- **Les fiches des outils électriques doivent correspondre à la prise secteur utilisée. Ne jamais modifier la fiche, de quelque façon que ce soit. Ne jamais utiliser d'adaptateurs de fiche avec des outils mis à la terre.** Les fiches et prises non modifiées réduisent le risque de choc électrique.
- **Éviter tout contact avec des surfaces mises à la terre comme des tuyaux, des radiateurs, des cuisinières et des réfrigérateurs.** Le risque de choc électrique est accru lorsque le corps est mis à la terre.
- **Ne pas exposer les outils électriques à l'eau ou l'humidité.** La pénétration d'eau dans ces outils accroît le risque de choc électrique.
- **Ne pas maltraiter le cordon d'alimentation. Ne jamais utiliser le cordon d'alimentation pour transporter l'outil électrique et ne jamais débrancher ce dernier en tirant sur le cordon. Garder le cordon à l'écart de la chaleur, de l'huile, des objets tranchants et des pièces en mouvement.** Un cordon endommagé ou emmêlé accroît le risque de choc électrique.
- **Pour les travaux à l'extérieur, utiliser un cordon spécialement conçu à cet effet.** Utiliser un cordon conçu pour l'usage extérieur réduit les risques de choc électrique.
- **Si l'utilisation d'un outil électrique est inévitable dans un endroit humide, utiliser une source d'alimentation munie d'un disjoncteur de fuite de terre.** L'utilisation d'un disjoncteur de fuite de terre réduit le risque de choc électrique. sécurité individuelle

SÉCURITÉ INDIVIDUELLE

- **Rester attentif, prêter attention au travail et faire preuve de bon sens lors de l'utilisation de tout outil électrique. Ne pas utiliser cet appareil en cas de fatigue ou sous l'influence de l'alcool, de drogues ou de médicaments.** Un moment d'inattention pendant l'utilisation d'un outil électrique peut entraîner des blessures graves.
- **Porter l'équipement de protection individuel requis. Toujours porter une protection oculaire.** Selon les conditions, porter aussi un masque anti-poussières, des bottes de sécurité antidérapantes, un casque protecteur ou une protection auditive afin de réduire les blessures.
- **Empêcher les démarrages accidentels. S'assurer que la gâchette est en position d'arrêt avant de brancher l'outil à une source de courant, d'insérer la batterie, de le ramasser ou de le transporter.** Le fait de transporter un outil électrique en gardant le doigt sur la gâchette ou de mettre sous tension un outil électrique lorsque la gâchette est en position de marche favorise les accidents.
- **Retirer les clés de réglage avant de mettre l'outil en marche.** Une clé laissée sur une pièce rotative de l'outil peut causer des blessures.
- **Ne pas travailler hors de portée. Toujours se tenir bien campé et en équilibre.** Une bonne stabilité procure un meilleur contrôle de l'outil électrique en cas d'imprévu.
- **Porter une tenue appropriée. Ne porter ni vêtements amples, ni bijoux. Garder les cheveux et les vêtements à l'écart des pièces en mouvement.** Les vêtements flottants, les bijoux ou les cheveux longs risquent d'être happés par les pièces en mouvement.

- **Si les outils sont équipés de dispositifs de dépeussierage, s'assurer qu'ils sont connectés et correctement utilisés.** L'utilisation d'un collecteur de poussière permet de réduire les dangers liés à la poussière.
- **Ne pas laisser la familiarité avec l'outil acquise par une utilisation fréquente vous rendre suffisant et vous amener à ignorer les règles de sécurité.** Une utilisation négligée peut causer une blessure grave en une fraction de seconde.

UTILISATION ET ENTRETIEN DE L'OUTIL ÉLECTRIQUE

- **Ne pas forcer l'outil électrique. Utiliser l'outil électrique approprié pour l'application.** Un outil électrique approprié exécutera le travail mieux et de façon moins dangereuse s'il est utilisé dans les limites prévues.
- **Ne pas utiliser l'outil électrique si le commutateur ne permet pas de le mettre en marche ou de l'arrêter.** Tout outil électrique qui ne peut pas être contrôlé par son commutateur est dangereux et doit être réparé.
- **Débrancher l'outil et/ou retirer le bloc-piles, si possible, avant d'effectuer des réglages, de changer d'accessoire ou de remettre l'outil.** Ces mesures de sécurité préventives réduisent les risques de démarrage accidentel de l'outil.
- **Entreposer l'outil électrique hors de la portée des enfants et interdire à quiconque de l'utiliser si la personne ne connaît pas bien le produit ou les instructions.** Les outils électriques sont dangereux dans les mains d'utilisateurs novices.
- **Entretenir les outils électriques et les accessoires. Vérifier qu'aucune pièce mobile n'est mal alignée ou bloquée, qu'aucune pièce n'est brisée et s'assurer qu'aucun autre problème risque d'affecter le bon fonctionnement de l'outil.** En cas de dommages, faire réparer l'outil avant de l'utiliser. Plusieurs accidents sont causés par des produits mal entretenus.
- **Garder les outils bien affûtés et propres.** Des outils correctement entretenus et dont les tranchants sont bien affûtés risquent moins de se bloquer et sont plus faciles à contrôler.
- **Utiliser l'outil électrique, les accessoires, les embouts etc. conformément à ces instructions en tenant compte des conditions de travail et de la tâche à effectuer.** L'usage d'un outil électrique pour des applications pour lesquelles il n'est pas conçu peut être dangereux.
- **Garder les poignées et les surfaces de préhension sèches, propres et exemptes d'huile ou de graisse.** Des poignées et des surfaces de préhension glissantes ne permettent pas de manipuler et de contrôler l'outil en toute sécurité en cas de situation imprévue.

ENTRETIEN

- **Les réparations de l'outil électrique doivent être confiées à un technicien qualifié, utilisant exclusivement des pièces identiques à celles d'origine.** Le maintien de la sûreté de l'outil électrique sera ainsi assuré.

RÈGLES DE SÉCURITÉ SPÉCIFIQUES POUR PERCEUSES

- **Utiliser les poignée(s) auxiliaire(s) si elles sont fournie(s) avec l'outil.** La perte de contrôle peut causer des blessures.
- **Tenir les outils par ses surfaces de préhension isolées lors des opérations pendant lesquelles**

l'accessoire de coupe peut entrer en contact avec du câblage caché ou avec son propre cordon d'alimentation. Le contact d'un accessoire de coupe avec un fil sous tension « électrifié » les pièces métalliques exposées de l'outil et peut électrocuter l'utilisateur.

• **Maintenir en l'état les étiquettes et les plaques d'identification.** Des informations importantes y figurent. Si elles sont illisibles ou manquantes, contacter un centre de services et d'entretien MILWAUKEE pour un remplacement gratuit.

⚠ **AVERTISSEMENT** Certaines poussières générées par les activités de ponçage, de coupe, de rectification, de perçage et d'autres activités de construction contiennent des substances considérées être la cause de malformations congénitales et de troubles de l'appareil reproducteur. Parmi ces substances figurent:

- le plomb contenu dans les peintures à base de plomb;
- la silice cristalline des briques, du ciment et d'autres matériaux de maçonnerie, ainsi que
- l'arsenic et le chrome des sciages traités chimiquement. Les risques encourus par l'opérateur envers ces expositions varient en fonction de la fréquence de ce type de travail. Pour réduire l'exposition à ces substances chimiques, l'opérateur doit: travailler dans une zone bien ventilée et porter l'équipement de sécurité approprié, tel qu'un masque anti-poussière spécialement conçu pour filtrer les particules microscopiques.

CORDONS DE RALLONGE

Si l'emploi d'un cordon de rallonge est nécessaire, un cordon à trois fils doit être employé pour les outils mis à la terre. Pour les outils à double isolation, on peut employer indifféremment un cordon de rallonge à deux ou trois fils. Plus la longueur du cordon entre l'outil et la prise de courant est grande, plus le calibre du cordon doit être élevé. L'utilisation d'un cordon de rallonge incorrectement calibré entraîne une chute de voltage résultant en une perte de puissance qui risque de détériorer l'outil. Reportez-vous au tableau ci-contre pour déterminer le calibre minimum du cordon. Moins le calibre du fil est élevé, plus sa conductivité est bonne. Par exemple, un cordon de calibre 14 a une meilleure conductivité qu'un cordon de calibre 16. Lorsque vous utilisez plus d'une rallonge pour couvrir la distance, assurez-vous que chaque cordon possède le calibre minimum requis. Si vous utilisez un seul cordon pour brancher plusieurs outils, additionnez le chiffre d'intensité (ampères) inscrit sur la fiche signalétique de chaque outil pour obtenir le calibre minimal requis pour le cordon.

Directives pour l'emploi des cordons de rallonge

- Si vous utilisez une rallonge à l'extérieur, assurez-vous qu'elle est marquée des sigles « W-A » (« W » au Canada) indiquant qu'elle est adéquate pour usage extérieur.
- Assurez-vous que le cordon de rallonge est correctement câblé et en bonne condition. Remplacez tout cordon de rallonge détérioré ou faites-le remettre en état par une personne compétente avant de vous en servir.
- Assurez votre cordon de rallonge à l'écart des objets rattachés, des sources de grande chaleur et des endroits humides ou mouillés.

Calibres minimaux recommandés pour les cordons de rallonge*						
Fiche signalétique Ampères	Longueur du cordon de rallonge (m)					
	7,6	12,2	22,8	30,4	45,7	60,9
0 - 5,0	16	16	16	14	12	12
5,1 - 8,0	16	16	14	12	10	--
8,1 - 12,0	14	14	12	10	--	--
12,1 - 15,0	12	12	10	10	--	--
15,1 - 20,0	10	10	10	--	--	--

* Basé sur sur une chute de voltage limite de 5 volts à 150% de l'intensité moyenne de courant.

MISE A LA TERRE

⚠ **AVERTISSEMENT** Si le fil de mise à la terre est incorrectement raccordé, il peut en résulter des risques de choc électrique. Si vous n'êtes pas certain que la prise dont vous vous servez est correctement mise à la terre, faites-la vérifier par un électricien. N'altérez pas la fiche du cordon de l'outil. N'enlevez pas de la fiche, la dent qui sert à la mise à la terre. N'employez pas l'outil si le cordon ou la fiche sont en mauvais état. Si tel est le cas, faites-les réparer dans un centre-service MILWAUKEE accrédité avant de vous en servir. Si la fiche du cordon ne s'adapte pas à la prise, faites remplacer la prise par un électricien.

Outils mis à la terre (Trois fiches à broches)
Les outils marqués « Mise à la terre requise » sont pourvus d'un cordon à trois fils dont la fiche a trois dents. La fiche du cordon doit être branchée sur une prise correctement mise à la terre (voir Figure A). De cette façon, si une défectuosité dans le circuit électrique de l'outil survient, le relais à la terre fournira un conducteur à faible résistance pour décharger le courant et protéger l'utilisateur contre les risques de choc électrique.

La dent de mise à la terre de la fiche est reliée au système de mise à la terre de l'outil via le fil vert du cordon. Le fil vert du cordon doit être le seul fil raccordé à un bout au système de mise à la terre de l'outil et son autre extrémité ne doit jamais être raccordée à une borne sous tension électrique.

Votre outil doit être branché sur une prise appropriée, correctement installée et mise à la terre conformément aux codes et ordonnances en vigueur. La fiche du cordon et la prise de courant doivent être semblables à celles de la Figure A.

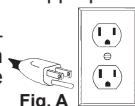


Fig. A

Outils à double isolation (Deux fiches à broches)

Les outils marqués « Double Isolation » n'ont pas besoin d'être raccordés à la terre. Ils sont pourvus d'une double isolation conforme aux exigences de l'OSHA et satisfont aux normes de l'Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., de l'Association canadienne de normalisation (ACNOR) et du « National Electrical Code » (code national de l'électricité). Les outils à double isolation peuvent être branchés sur n'importe laquelle des prises à 120 volt illustrées ci-contre Figure B et C.

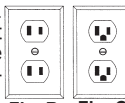


Fig. B

Fig. C